



**COMMON  
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*Policy Roundtable*

2012 Candidate Survey  
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**Colorado House District 21  
Lois Landgraf (R)**

1. Growing Colorado's economy and job creation continues to be a top priority for voters throughout the state. As a legislator, what is the one thing you believe that you could do have the greatest impact on improving Colorado's business climate?

**Eliminate or phase out the Business Personal Property tax, repeal the "dirty dozen" tax increases, establish an entrepreneur gateway program to seek out entrepreneurs both local and out of state.**

2. In 2009, Colorado enacted rules and regulations for the oil and gas industry that are widely considered the most comprehensive and restrictive in the nation. Recently, local government have sought to implement their own set of regulations, many of which are preempted by existing state rules. Given the uncertainty that a patchwork of local regulations would create for the energy industry, would you support legislation banning local governments from creating new regulations?

**Yes, we need fewer restrictions not more. We should eliminate many of the punishing regulations promulgated in 2009. The result of the current crop of regulations is lost jobs and increased costs to consumers. More restrictive regulations at the local level would only make it worse.**

3. Greater access to oil and gas reserves throughout the United States and here in Colorado has dramatically increased our potential domestic energy supply. The use of a time tested technology known as hydraulic fracturing has been a significant contributor to the energy industry's ability to capture resources that would otherwise be out of reach. Despite a long history of safely utilizing hydraulic fracturing technology, some interest groups are advocating for an outright ban on its use. As a legislator, would you support a ban on hydraulic fracturing – and if so, why?

**No, every method must be used to decrease our dependency on foreign oil, increase jobs in Colorado and take advantage of our natural resources available to us. Fracking, shale oil, strip mining should all be integrated with new technologies such as wind farms, solar power farms, nuclear energy if they are economically feasible, if they do not significantly increase the cost of power.**

4. Colorado's Medicaid program is going at an unsustainable rate, threatening to consume a greater portion of the state's General Fund. As Medicaid costs continue to grow, fund for K-12, Higher Ed, and other important funding priorities are reduced. As a legislator, would you support reforms to Colorado's Medicaid program and if so what possible solutions would you offer?

**I would implement more restrictive eligibility criteria. I would eliminate Medicaid and use the same pool of money to buy those eligible a free market health care plan getting the government out of health care business.**

5. The Supreme Court's decision on the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act affirmed that states cannot be coerced by the federal government into expanding Medicaid beyond current levels. State lawmakers will have to decide whether or not they want to expand Medicaid as part of the implementation of new health care law or opt out of the expansion altogether. As a legislator, would you support the State of Colorado opting out of the Medicaid expansion – why or why not?

**Absolutely, I will support anything that reduces costs to the state of Colorado.**

6. Currently, when a bill is introduced the Office of Legislative Council issues a fiscal note indicating the potential fiscal impact the proposed legislation would have on state revenue. There have been efforts recently to create a similar impact statement for businesses. The creating of a business impact statement would allow businesses to weigh in on the impact that a bill would have on their industry. Would you support the creating of a business impact statement – why or why not?

**I would run such a bill. Any proposed legislation should fully disclose its impact on businesses and the state economy. Any legislator should welcome input from business owners when they are running a bill that affects jobs in Colorado.**

7. Colorado currently assesses an income tax to both distributed and undistributed income from irrevocable trusts managed in the state. Some states only apply an income tax to distributed income and have experienced dramatic growth in individual irrevocable trust assets managed in their respective states. In order to eliminate the double taxation in Colorado, ensure our state is positioned to create good paying financial sector jobs and capture additional tax revenue without raising taxes, would you support the elimination of the income tax on undistributed income?

**Yes, this would be a step forward for Colorado in attracting new high paying jobs in a sector where we currently lag behind other states.**